$\qquad$ PERIOD: DATE: $\qquad$

## THEME OF NIGHT

Students will identify, discuss, and write about themes in Elie Wiesel's Night.
The THEME of a story is the central message or idea. It says something about life or about being human. Theme is what makes literature compelling and significant to readers.

Theme is different from a moral (lesson). It doesn't state what people should or should not do. Instead, it says something about what it means to be alive. A moral might be as follows: look before you leap. While the theme from the same story might be as follows: people are often impulsive and hedonistic.

A TOPIC is something that can be identified as a recurring idea, feeling, event, lesson, etc. Topics are not themes - they are merely topics. However, they do connect to one another as a theme is what the story says about a topic. In order to create a theme, you need to determine what the author's message is concerning the topic.

List potential topics from Night.

Now that we have identified the topics within Night, we need to articulate what the author, Elie Wiesel, is saying about the topic to construct the thematic statement (theme).

Formula for Theme: $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
You can use the following sentence starter: Elie Wiesel's Nightshows that... [topic and insight] Select 5 of the topics identified in Night and create 5 thematic statements (theme):

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. 

Now we must add two reasons or examples to each of the thematic statements (themes) to provide support and textual evidence for the statement. This can be done in bullet-point format.
1.
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2.
-
3.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
-
4.
-
$\qquad$
-
5.

This is due at the beginning of the class on Thursday, March 21, 2019.

